Language Review

Unit 6 - What's the Big Idea?

VOCABULARY

Education
degree
home schooling
postgraduate
preschool
primary
secondary
tertiary

results syllabus timetable

undergraduate

coed

state school tuition grant year off career skills knowledge rote learning

to sit an exam

to pass to fail to cheat to graduate to drop out

Adjectives

aghast

baffled chuffed ingenious ingenuous ruffled spooked upset

Education collocations

adult education
compulsory education
distance education
further education
higher education
physical education
religious education
teacher education
tertiary education

Difficult words to spell

accommodate authoritarian bureaucracy choreographer compulsory entrepreneur fluorescent gauge hierarchy manoeuvre privilege syllabus

Verb + out

average out branch out carry out fizzle out opt out sort out spell out stick out turn out

Expressions with out

down and out flat out out of affection inside and out out and about out loud out of step out-and-out out-of-date washed out

Abbreviations and acronyms

BA = Bachelor of arts MA = Master of arts

PhD= Doctor of philosophy

ADHD = Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder UNESCO = United Nations Educational, Scientific and

Cultural Organization

ESL= English as a second language

ESOL= English for speakers of other languages

OU = Open university

YTS = Youth training scheme PTA = Parent Teacher Association ELL = English language learner CAL = Computer-assisted learning

GRAMMAR

Pronoun review

We gave him some advice. (subject pronoun)

That reminds **me** of something. (object pronoun)

That reminds me of something. (demonstrative pronoun)

That reminds me of **something**. (indefinite pronoun)

I did it **myself**. (reflexive pronoun)

We helped **each other**. (reciprocal pronoun)

This is the teacher **who** left the greatest impression on me. (relative pronoun)

We went to the restaurant where we first met. (relative pronoun)

That's the book **that** I was looking for. (relative pronoun)

The pleasure is all **mine**. (possessive pronoun)

This is an example of **what** I am talking about. (indefinite relative pronoun)

Fronting

A very good day it was, too. (Fronting the object or complement) Instead of: It was a very good day.

Tired as we were, we kept going. (Fronting with *as* or *though*) Instead of: We kept going even though we were tired.

Happy though he was, he didn't take his luck for granted. (Fronting with *as* or *though*)

Instead of: He didn't take his luck for granted, despite being happy.

How the cat got out, we'll never know. (Fronting with a question word clause) Instead of: We'll never know how the cat got out.

Once upon a time there was a small house in a big forest. (Fronting with adverbial expressions)

At the top of the stairs stood Gwendolyn holding a flickering candle. (Fronting with adverbial expressions)

Instead of: Gwendolyn stood at the top of the stairs holding a flickering candle.

Modals of probability

Modal verbs of probability, *might*, *may* and *could*, can be used to make statements less certain.

..., where previously a job **might** have required a BA. We **may** not see this future, but they will.

USEFUL PHRASES

Phrases to engage an audience

OK, so, there have been ..., haven't there? Is that right? / Am I right? / Don't you? / Haven't we? / Don't you agree? you know / I mean

Employing humour

Good morning. How are you? It's been great, hasn't it? I've been blown away by the whole thing. In fact, I'm leaving.

In fact, we moved from Stratford to Los Angeles. So you can imagine what a seamless transition that was.

You don't think of Shakespeare having a father, do you? Do you? Because you don't think of Shakespeare being a child, do you? Shakespeare being seven? I never thought of it. I mean, he was seven at some point. He was in somebody's English class, wasn't he? How annoying would that be?

If I'm cooking, the door is shut, the kids are out, the phone's off the hook, if she comes in I get annoyed. I say, "Terry, please, I'm trying to fry an egg in here. Give me a break."

Discourse markers

Generalising

on the whole
in general
generally speaking
by and large
as a rule
to a great extent
in most cases
in principle

Contrasting

however but on the other hand while whereas

Emphasising contrast

mind you still yet in spite of this

Adding

moreover in addition what's more on top of that besides in any case

Summarising

in short to sum up all in all in conclusion